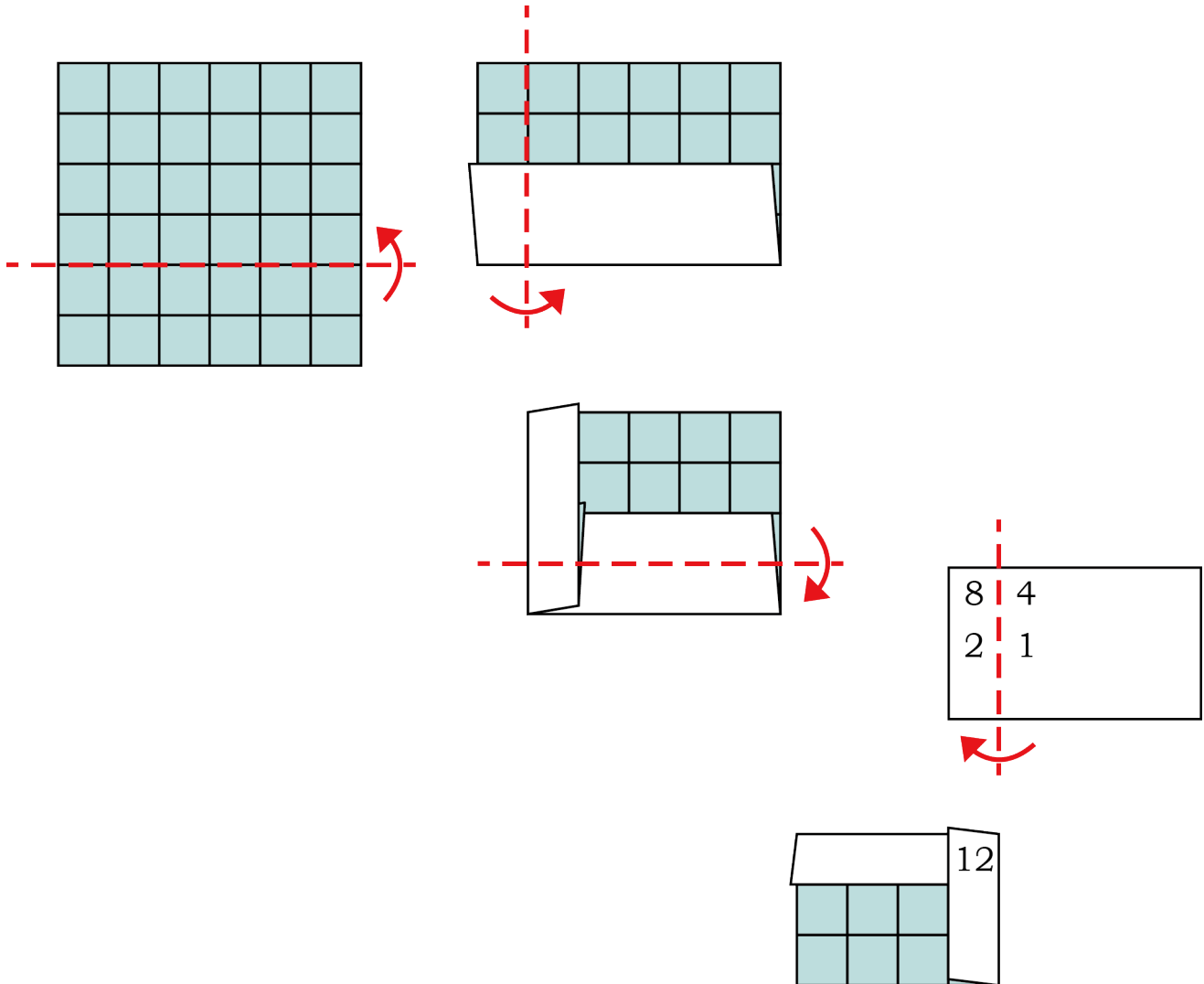


Grid Paper

Description

You have a $R \times C$ grid paper. Initially the thickness of each grid is 1. Then K operations/queries will be given:

- $(c\ w)$, where c can be character $\wedge, v, >$, or $<$. These four characters represent the direction up, down, right and left, respectively. It means that you fold the paper in such direction with width w . You may want to check the sample input for more precise details.
- $(? \ r \ c)$ is a query. If you meet the query, you have to output the thickness of the grid located at (r, c) . The current top-left grid is indexed as $(0, 0)$.



Input

The first line contains a integer T indicating the total number of test cases. Each test case starts with three integers R, C, K . Each of the following K lines describes an operation or a query. If it is an operation, the line will contain a character c and an integer w . On the other hand, if it is a query, the line will contain a character $?$ and two integers r and c .

- $1 \leq T \leq 20$
- $1 \leq R, C \leq 3,000$
- $1 \leq K \leq 4,000$
- Every value in operations/queries is reasonable. That is, denote R' and C' as the current height (number of row) and current width (number of column) of the paper. We ensure $1 \leq w < R'$ for operation $(\wedge w)$ and $(\vee w)$, $1 \leq w < C'$ for operation $(> w)$ and $(< w)$, and $0 \leq r < R', 0 \leq c < C'$ for query $(? r c)$.

Output

Output the answer in a line for each query.

Sample Input

```
2
6 6 10
^ 2
> 1
v 3
? 0 0
? 1 0
? 1 1
? 0 1
< 4
? 0 0
? 0 3

6 6 1
? 0 0
```

Sample Output

```
8
2
1
4
4
12
1
```