Problem D - Useless Hash

Let's consider a special kind of hash on n dimensional boolean vectors. A boolean vector is a sequence of $n \ 0/1$ characters. We want to find a weight function on each dimension: (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n) so we can define the hash function h on $s = s_1 s_2 \cdots s_n$ by

$$h(s) = w_1 s_1 + w_2 s_2 + \dots + w_n s_n$$

Moreover, we add some contraint to this hash function:

- 1. Each w_i is a nonnegative power of some fixed positive integer X.
- 2. For any two boolean vector a, b, if they have different number of 1 entries, then $h(a) \neq h(b)$.
- 3. On some concerned pairs $(x_1, y_1), \ldots, (x_m, y_m)$ we want that $h(x_i) \neq h(y_i)$ whenever $x_i \neq y_i$ for any $i = 1, 2, \cdots, m$.

Clearly setting $w_i = 2^{i-1}$ will be a valid hash function. But now we want to minimize $w_1 + w_2 + \cdots + w_n$, can you find such a hash function?

Input

First line contains an integer T ($1 \le T \le 100$), denoting the number of test cases.

For each test case, first line contains two integers n, m $(1 \le n \le 10, 1 \le m \le 1000)$ separated by a whitespace. Each of the next m lines contains two binary strings x_i, y_i of length n. It is guaranteed that $x_i \ne y_i$.

Output

For each test cases, please output the minimum possible sum of all weights over all valid hash functions.

Sample Input

Sample Output

7 3 5